

Switching from EU/ Single Market to EFTA/Single Market membership

action/implementation suggestions

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Britain upgrading to:
Running AGRICULTURE
Running FISHERIES
Running HOME AFFAIRS
Running JUSTICE
60% REDUCTION IN REGULATIONS
£3bn saving on net EU contributions
Rejoining WORLD ORGANISATIONS, having a voice
Ability to make FREE TRADE AGREEMENTS with any country



Table of Contents

| Introduction | 5 |
|---|----------------------------|
| Benefits | 6 |
| EFTA in Europe and the World | 8 |
| How EFTA works with the EU | 9 |
| Actions and Implementation of EFTA/Single Market | 11 |
| Checking which regulations are EU or EEA/Single market and repealing | 14 |
| Decision Making Structure and who makes UK laws | 15 |
| Actions/implementation: Prime Minister | 19 27 31 35 39 |
| What is the process through Parliament for changing from EU to EFTA membership? | 48 |
| Q & A | 49 |
| Resources | 54 |
| Summary | 56 |

Introduction

There are easy ways to move from EU membership to EFTA membership, in weeks and months, rather than years. In implementing changes there can be a choice between doing things the 'easy way' or the 'struggle way'. This paper will look at moving to EFTA membership the easy way.

The European Economic Area allows for free movement of: goods, services, people and capital. The aim is to move to an alternative which is: likely to have most public support, fast and easy to implement, likely to have most business support, also easier for other countries to win a referendum. This option is what Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein have – EFTA/EEA, or European Free Trade Association and Single Market membership. This is an off-the-shelf alternative, which includes benefits of the UK running:

- Agriculture
- Fisheries
- Home Affairs
- Justice
- Spending the £9bn that goes to the EU and comes back, according to UK priorities
- Contributing around £3bn a year, to the EU, saving around £3bn a year
- New regulations falling from around 1000 a year, to 350 a year
- Reviewing the need for the 100,000 EU regulations and assessing the current 5,000 EEA regulations
- Regulations which used to affect 100% of the economy, only affecting the 9% that are involved with EU exports
- Ability to negotiate and agree Free Trade Agreements with any other country
- Re-join world bodies and speak for British interests directly, instead of the current EU representatives, i.e. currently having 1/28th voice
- Ability to veto implementation of new EEA/Single market regulations which are not in British interests, and also current regulations which may be harmful and duplications of existing British regulations

The process of implementation is:

- Project approach
- By sector/Ministerial department, e.g. agriculture, Justice
- Having a 1 page overview
- Project calendar
- Action log of actions

Britain was a founding member of EFTA in 1960, and left in 1972 to join the EC (European Community), which went on to become the EU. After having an annual trade deficit of £40bn, which is equivalent to exporting 1 million jobs, and a cumulative trade deficit, since joining, of over £400bn, adding in a cumulative contribution to Brussels of over £130bn, it is time to switch from membership of the EU, that is complicated and exports jobs to a win-win agreement that is simpler and creates jobs – EFTA/EEA/ Single Market. The fastest way to create 1 million new jobs.

Benefits

Before looking at the transition options, actions and implementation, it is worth having an idea of the potential benefits, helping in guiding changes, and prioritising and questions. There are a large number of benefits to be gained from switching from EU/Single market to EFTA/Single Market, both directly and indirectly, some of which are in the introduction, some of which are obvious and also not so obvious.

Direct and Obvious benefits:

- Switching from the EU, with average unemployment rate 12%, to EFTA average unemployment rate
 4%
- Using as much of existing EEA/Single market paperwork, forms, signs, e.g. at airports, there are sign which say 'EU, EEA and Swiss passports', which can stay the same, maybe with added sticker saying 'UK'
- UK running of Agriculture
- UK running of Fisheries
- UK running of Home Affairs
- UK running of Justice
- Spending the £9bn that goes to the EU and comes back, according to UK priorities
- Contributing around £3bn a year, to the EU, saving around £3bn a year
- New regulations falling from around 1000 a year, to 350 a year
- Reviewing the need for the 15,000 EU regulations and assessing the current 4,500 EEA regulations
- Regulations which used to affect 100% of the economy, only affecting the 9% that are involved with EU exports
- Ability to negotiate and agree Free Trade Agreements with any other country
- Re-join world bodies and speak for British interests directly, instead of the current EU representatives,
 i.e. currently having 1/28th voice
- Ability to veto implementation of new EEA/Single market regulations which are not in British interests,
 and also current regulations which may be harmful and duplications of existing British regulations
- Easier to create jobs, so more government revenue from, income tax, corporation tax, VAT, council
 tax, petrol duty and less benefits payments, so lowering government borrowing and more funds
 available for business to borrow instead, to expand
- An agreement that is supported by the majority of people, for example, currently opinion polls, show around 30% want Out of the EU, 40% something simpler, and 30% want In the EU. A recent Survation poll showed EFTA/Single Market 53%, EU/Single Market 22%, Don't Know 23%. Taking out the Don't Knows, around 71% EFTA and 29% EU.



- Less regulations being a 'tax cut' for business, with less time wasted on duplicate, unnecessary regulations, so helping business in being competitive and also for exports
- Removal of the disorganised, corrupt, political favouritism EU 'role model', for example, the decision making process of having an EU Brussels Parliament, firstly duplicating the British Parliament, and then having another Parliament in Strasbourg, with also a Council of Ministers, unelected EU Commission, in effect the EU government, people from other countries making decisions about the UK, of which they know nothing, EU accounts not signed off, for over 15 years, qualified majority voting, so making the UK voice irrelevant, since the UK can be out voted, promotion on political basis, big wasteful projects, influence by big business on regulations, raising barriers for new competitors, arsonists. Now have a look at frontline people working in government and the frustrations they experience by badly managed departments, often mirroring the EU problems, i.e. endless meetings, which seem unproductive, decisions taking a long time, ignoring frontline opinions, wrong decisions, corruption, huge projects, which fail e.g. IT, promotion on political connections, senior people have little experience or idea of departments/service work, communication problems, low morale, ideas for prevention is better than cure are sidelined.
- A referendum alternative that other countries people, could also win, e.g. Denmark, Sweden, Finland, Ireland, and the Netherlands.
- Less money going to other countries in the EU, so less distortion of their economies, less distortion for the public in seeing which politicians and which policies are really working. The money passing from EU countries, through the EU, and then on to projects in other EU countries has likely given politicians the ability to 'buy' elections, since they could claim credit for something that was actually from taxpayers in other countries so distorting other EU countries democracy and elections. This has meant that voters in the poorer countries are not learning which politicians have: good policies, integrity, competence.
- EFTA has it's accounts signed off every year, whereas the EU has not had them signed off for over 15 years. So by switching to EFTA, Parliament is being a better 'role model' for the country, in having financial integrity
- MPs are better role models for personal responsibility, since as a member of EFTA, they can take more responsibility for laws being made, globally and in the EEA, with a veto over EEA regulations
- British civil servants and Ministers, no longer being involved in making laws, which affect other EU countries, of which they no nothing about their economy, culture, history, local conditions, priorities and more
- Centralising of power, leading to centralising of wealth in the country switch to more even distribution
 of wealth, so reducing need for benefits payments
- Replicating of the unelected EU Commission in the form of 'Quangos', quasi-autonomous non-government organisations – of which there are around 1,200 un-elected bodies.



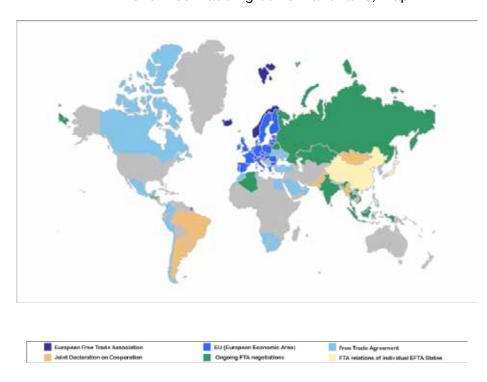
It is also useful to see a map of EFTA and also EFTA Free Trade Agreements and talks

EFTA map:



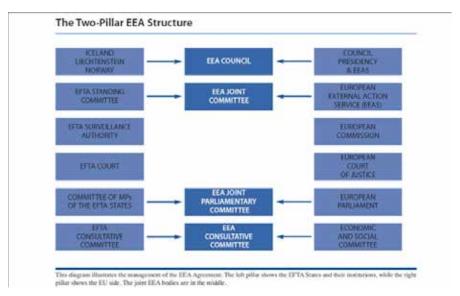
Showing, in green, Norway, Iceland, Switzerland and Liechtenstein.

EFTA World Free Trade Agreement and talks, map:



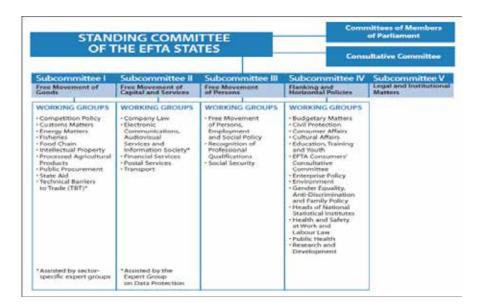


There is a structure for EFTA/EEA and EU/EEA countries to work together on a regular basis, with a rotating chair, every 6 months, either EFTA chairing or EU chairing the meetings.



This is the working framework, for good relations between the EU and EFTA states, and regular meetings.

There are also EFTA Standing Committees, which work to 'Shape' policies in the EU discussions, prior to any regulation being voted on. As successful countries, EFTA states get listen to:



And of course the EFTA Logo includes the flags of each country in EFTA:



And used to include Britain, as Britain was a founding member of EFTA:



Actions and Implementation of EFTA/Single Market

The below looks at the implementation, following a referendum, where the public have had a free and fair opportunity to express a view – with current opinion polls showing around 30% in the EU, 40% simpler arrangement, 30% out the EU – and the MPs have repealed the European Communities ACT 1972, kept the European Economic Area agreement, and voted for asking EFTA, under article 56, to join.

- Starting with a list:
- Areas of change
- Areas that are not changing
- Ministerial departments
- Resources/teams
- Timeframes
- Outside help/expertise, e.g. EFTA countries
- Communications
- Involvement of people, business, charities, public sector, local and national government
- Countries for contacting

All the above could be organised through project teams, with an overall 'EFTA project team' managing the specific project teams, and having a weekly Steering Meeting.

The below show how each Project Team could prepare and implement actions, using:

- Charter/Business Case approach
- Project timeframe
- Action Log
- Opportunity/benefits
- Process changes
- Organisation structure changes
- Meeting agendas and times
- People/teams
- Training
- Resources
- Systems
- Communications

The expectation is that the Government/MPs will implement the switch to EFTA membership. However, since they have been unable to organise a simple referendum, or in fact ask questions like, 'What did we change? What did we use to do? What do other countries do? What off-the-shelf alternatives are



there?' it is also worthwhile to have a multi-implementation approach, for simplifying regulations, new processes and new structure, including:

The Government

MPs

- Opposition/alternative parties
- Former MPs also developing a parallel list of ideas and made public
- Former civil servants also developing a parallel list of ideas and made public
- Businesses, small, medium and large developing a parallel list of ideas and made public
- Trade unions also developing a parallel list of ideas and made public
- Associations and groups developing a list of ideas and made public
- Charities developing a list of ideas and made public
- Members of the public developing a list of ideas and made public
- Running competitions for simplest ideas, e.g. X-prize style

And this needs to be looked at through the various Government departments, some of which will be more affected than others.

- Prime Minister's Office
- Deputy Prime Minister's Office
- Foreign and Commonwealth Office
- Home Office
- Department for Environment, Food & Rural Affairs
- Department for Business, Innovation & Skills
- Department for Communities and Local Government
- HM Treasury
- Cabinet Office
- Attorney General's office
- Department for International development
- Department of Health
- Department for Transport
- Department for Education
- Department for Culture, Media & Sport
- Department for Work and Pensions
- Department of Energy & Climate Change
- Ministry of Defence
- Ministry of Justice



- Office of the Advocate General for Scotland
- Office of the Leader of the House of Commons
- Office of the Leader of the House of Lords
- Scotland Office
- UK Export Finance
- Wales Office

Please also see the Resources for useful links.



The EU has a website with all the regulations in force, and for any regulation that is only for the EEA/ Single market is a phrase 'text with EEA relevance'. There are 15,000 EU regulations and around 4,500 EEA regulations – not all of which have been implemented by EFTA countries, sometimes around 600 are outstanding, as well as any vetoed.

The regulations are numbered and called 'Celex'.

For EY legal Acts, there is an explanation on the EFTA website, which says:

3yyyy*nnnn

Yyyy = year

*= could be L = directive, R = regulation, D = Decisions, H or X for recommendations

Nnnn = four-digit number

This is where you can see EU and EEA regulations and the span of control and removal from national Parliaments the freedom to make, amend and repeal laws:

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/RECH_repertoire.do?ihmlang=en

and to search by regulation: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/RECH naturel.do?ihmlang=en

and where you can see if the regulation is for EFTA/EEA countries:

http://www.efta.int/eea-lex

When EU and EEA regulations come into the UK, they officially go through Committees in the House of Commons and the House of Lords, in Parliament. What in actual fact happens is that they pass through with barely any delay. The regulations themselves can change to have UK number and description. Simple ways to track the EU and EEA regulations into Britain and who is affected by them, are not readily available, however, each government department is responsible for implementing the regulations and will have this information.

There is a website with government legislation: http://www.legislation.gov.uk/

It could be beneficial if people in agriculture, fisheries, business, organisations have a look at what regulations have come through and make a listing of potential 'EU suspect regulation' and also potential EEA regulations which could be duplicating UK regulations.



Decision Making Structure and who makes UK Laws

| | Area of Decision making | EFTA Before 1972 | EU Currently | EFTA Suggested |
|------|--|------------------|--------------|----------------|
| UK | British Parliamentary Democracy | Yes | No | Yes |
| UK | Head of State (Monarchy) | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| UK | Prime Minister | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| UK | Parliament with 650 MPs | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| UK | House of Lords and final Court of Appeal | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| UK | County Council | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| UK | Local Mayor | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| UK | Local Councillors | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| UK | UK sitting on all international institutions | Yes | No | Yes |
| | | | | |
| EU | Lisbon Treaty – EU Political | | Yes | No |
| EU | EU President | | Yes | No |
| EU | EU Commission (from 28 EU countries) | | Yes | No |
| EU | Council of Ministers (from 28 EU countries) | | Yes | No |
| EU | European Parliament (from 28 countries) | | Yes | No |
| EU | EU Court, reviewing and rulings on EU and EEA implementation | | Yes | No |
| EU | UK representatives sitting in EU meetings | | Yes | No |
| EU | UK can be outvoted with qualified majority voting | | Yes | No |
| EU | EU Directives, regulations and Court rulings, override UK laws | | Yes | No |
| EU | EU External Action Services | | Yes | No |
| EFTA | Member of EFTA | Yes | No | Yes |
| EFTA | Agreement is only by all EFTA countries agreeing | Yes | Yes | |
| EEA | EEA Agreement – economic | Yes | | Yes |
| EEA | UK representatives sitting in EEA meetings | Yes | Yes | |
| EEA | EEA Joint Committee (EFTA and EU) | | Yes | Yes |
| EEA | EEA Consultative Committee | | Yes | Yes |
| EEA | UK has right to veto EEA regulations | | No | Yes |
| EEA | EFTA Surveillance Authority reviewing EEA implementation | | | Yes |
| EEA | EFTA Court, rulings on EEA implementation | | | Yes |

Actions/Implementation

Below are Charters/Opportunities and Action Logs, where applicable for the major government departments involved in the transition plan from EU to EFTA membership.

A Charter/Opportunity looks at the benefits case for switching and answers some questions, in helping ensure success, with a good start to the projects. The Action Log is another example, for listing actions that would ensure success. There is some similarity in approach by each department, and also specific actions relevant to each government department.

Prime Minister Actions

Current

Huge loss of self-government and inability to make, amend and repeal laws Member of the EEA, free movement of:

Goods

Services

People

Capital

Member of NATO

Member of the EU, http://europa.eu/index_en.htm

covering also:

EU Customs Union

Common Fihseries Policy

Common Agricultural Policy

EU Regional Policy

Common Trade Policy

Economic and Monetary Union

Justice

Home Affairs

Common Foreign Policy

Common Security and Defence Policy

European Parliament

House of Commons: European Scrutiny Committee

House of Lords: EU Select Committee, EU Sub-Committee A - Economic and Financial

Affairs, EU Sub-Committee B - Internal Market, Infrastructure and Employment, EU

Sub-Committee C – External Affairs, EU Sub-Committee D – Agriculture, Fisheries,

Environment and Energy, EU Sub-Committee E - Justice, Institutions and Consumer

Protection, EU Sub-Committee F – Home Affairs, Health and Education

Suggested

Re-implement self-government and pro-democracy Continue with EEA membership Continue with NATO membership

Apply to join EFTA, European Free Trade Association www.efta.int
Committee of MPs of the EFTA states
EFTA Consultative Committee
House of Commons – EFTA/EEA/Single Market Committee
House of Lords – EFTA/EEA/Single Market Committee



Actions

Include developing an Action log below, for implementing

| | Example: Action log | Department : Prime Mimister | |
|-----|---|-----------------------------|----------|
| No. | Action | Responsibility | Due Date |
| | Weekly Steering Meeting agenda, | | |
| | with Ministers: | | |
| | Each person 1 good news item | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | |
| | Review project plan and progress | | |
| | Progress last week | | |
| | Plans for this week and actions | | |
| | Any potential issues needing action | | |
| | Review Action Log | | |
| | | | |
| | Legislation for repealing the European Communities | | |
| | Act 1972 is organised and actioned | | |
| | Legislation for enacting joining EFTA is actioned | | |
| | Any additional measures are assessed and actioned | | |
| | Assess current EU Parliamentary committees | | |
| | and change to EFTA committees | | |
| | | | |
| | For each Ministry: | | |
| | Project team leader and deputy leader | | |
| | Areas of responsibility and delegation | | |
| | Project team members selection | | |
| | Project team training | | |
| | Roles of each project team member, e.g. | | |
| | EFTA, EU, legislation, WTO, training, | | |
| | communications, international organisations | | |
| | Visit/call Norway Prime Minister | | |
| | Visit/call Iceland Prime Minister | | |
| | Visit/call Liechtenstein Prime Minister | | |
| | Visit/call Swiss Prime Minister | | |
| | Visit EFTA office in Brussels | | |
| | Visit EFTA office in Geneva | | |
| | Visit EFTA office in Luxembourg | | |
| | Develop any training plans, with cabinet office staff | | |
| | | | |
| | Arrange transition teams with EFTA member states | | |
| | Transitional arrangements with EU countries | | |
| | Visit/call to WTO | | |
| | Visits to other international organisations | | |
| | Official request to join other international | | |
| | organisations as a sovereign nation | | |
| | | | |
| | UK staff apply for jobs in EFTA offices | | |
| | UK looks at other Free Trade Agreement opportunities | | |
| | Assess departmental organisation | | |
| | structure and changes needed | | |
| | Assess any changes to websites and/or new websites | | |
| | | | |

Foreign Secretary Actions

Current

The Lisbon Treaty and European Economic Area (EEA) are legal agreements between Britain and the EU

Suggested

Repeal the European Communities Act 1972, repeal the Lisbon Treaty

Keep the European Economic Area (EEA) agreement

Re-deploy the people and funds currently spent on EU work, for re-joining world organisations/bodies and influencing decisions at a global level.

Repeal anything that is not 'text with EEA relevance':

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Repview.do?rep=18

Actions

Include developing a Charter/Opportunity below and an Action log, for implementing

1) Proposal Summary:

Switch from EU/EEA/Single market to EFTA/EEA/Single market Suggested by: the British public

Sponsored by: voters

Project Manager: Foreign Secretary

Proposal date: Estimated duration: 3 to 12 months

Project type: Create jobs, reduce taxes,

increase exports, lower crime

2) Project Description and opportunity statement

Current: EU member and EEA/

Single Market member

Suggested: EFTA member and EEA/

Single Market member

UK runs: Agriculture, Fisheries,

Home Affairs, Justice

Reduce new EU/EEA regulations,

by around 60%,

No more EU regulations

Repeal European Communities Act 1972

Replace with EFTA Convention

Keep European Economic Area agreement

3) Business case

Currently running £40bn trade deficit with EU Cumulative trade deficit, since 1972, £400bn Cumulative net transfers to EU, over £130bn Unemployment rate in UK over 7% Average EFTA unemployment rate, 4% Less regulations and duplicate regulations, help in reducing business costs, also public services Increasing taxes from: income tax, corporation tax VAT, council tax, petrol duty and more, so helping Reduce government borrowing and interest payments Less money, approx £3bn, sent to the EU net

4) Links to other projects/initiatives

All other government departments
EFTA countries
Commonwealth countries
Overseas diplomatic embassies
EFTA offices, Brussels, Geneva, Luxembourg

5) In Scope (People, process)

Overseas treaties, world bodies, NATO
Lisbon Treaty, EU
EEA Agreement
EFTA, EEA Council
Foreign Office staff, IT systems
EU Scrutiny Committee, House of Commons
House of Lords EU committees
WTO

6) Out of Scope

NAFTA Mercusor ASEAN

7) Number of people benefiting:

60 million

8) Risks, Issues

Big business, cartels
EU countries wanting free money
Threats from EU countries politicians
Delays by special interest groups
MPs and civil servants

9) Assumptions:

UK civil servants can learn from EFTA countries



10) Schedule

Key / = to be worked on, X = done

| | Wk1 | Wk2 | Wk3 | Wk4 | Month2 | Traffic Lights |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------------|
| Weekly meeting | | | | | | Green |
| Project team | | | | | | Green |
| Legislation | | | | | | Green |
| EFTA meetings | | | | | | Green |
| Training | | | | | | Green |
| Implementation | | | | | | Green |
| Follow up | | | | | | Green |

| Green = on plan, Orange = some/potential delays, Red = behind | | | | | |
|---|---|---|-----------------------------|----------|--|
| Example: ACTION LOG | | | Department : Foreign Office | | |
| No. | Action | | Responsibility | Due date | |
| | Start Daily and Weekly Meetings | | | | |
| | Weekly Steering Meeting agenda: | | | | |
| | - each person 1 good news item | | | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | | | |
| | Review project plan and progress | | | | |
| | - Progress last week | | | | |
| | - Plans for this week and actions | | | | |
| | Any potential issues needing action | n | | | |
| | - Review Action Log | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Daily Review Meetings | | | | |
| | - Each person 1 good news item | | | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | | | |
| | Review previous days plan vs actu | ual | | | |
| | - Plans for the day | | | | |
| | Any potential issues needing action | ns | | | |
| | - Review Action Log | | | | |
| | Project team leader and deputy leader | er | | | |
| | Areas of responsibility and delegation | ١ | | | |
| | Project team members selection | | | | |
| | Project team training | | | | |
| | Roles of each project team member, | e.g. | | | |
| | - EFTA, EU, legislation, WTO, training | ng, communications | | | |
| | Tracking of EU and EEA influence in t | UK and where/how to find: | | | |
| | Listing of regulations, with Celex, tha | t are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | | |
| | Listing of Directives that are EU and I | EEA, and UK code/description | | | |
| | Listing of European Court rulings that | t are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | | |
| | 1 | | | l | |



| Visit Norway Prime Minster and Foreign Minister | |
|---|--|
| Visit Iceland Prime Minister and Foreign Minister | |
| Visit Liechtenstein Prime Minister and Foreign Minister | |
| Visit Swiss Prime Minister and Foreign Minister | |
| Visit EFTA offices in Brussels | |
| Visit EFTA office in Geneva | |
| Visit EFTA office in Luxembourg | |
| Official request to join EFTA | |
| Arrange transition teams with EFTA member states | |
| Transitional arrangements with EU countries in regard | |
| Replace EU committees in Parliament with EFTA/EEA committees | |
| Assess departmental organisation structure and changes needed | |
| Assess any changes to websites and/or new websites | |
| Example actions for Britain rejoining world bodies/organisations | |
| Learn from other countries who have joined the organisation | |
| Look for an article in the organisation agreement that allows for new members | |
| Look at website to see what is helpful | |
| See where the address is of the organisation | |
| See who is Head of the organisation, for contacting | |
| Have your own contact level person briefed | |
| Have your own staff briefed | |
| Assess office requirements | |
| Talk with allies and see if they can offer advice | |
| Request relevant meetings | |
| Formal request for joining the organisation | |
| Ask if there is any fast-track joining option | |
| Check UK responsibilities, expectations, obligations and actions needed | |
| Joining and being a member | |
| Re-deploying UK staff from EU jobs into world organisations | |
| Have your own staff briefed | |
| Assess office requirements | |
| Talk with allies and see if they can offer advice | |
| Request relevant meetings | |
| Formal request for joining the organisation | |
| Ask if there is any fast-track joining option | |
| Check UK responsibilities, expectations, obligations and actions needed | |
| Joining and being a member | |
| Re-deploying UK staff from EU jobs into world organisations | |

Chancellor of the Exchequer

Current

Send £15bn a year to the EU, £9bn comes back, spent according to EU guidelines, £6bn spent by the EU, in other EU countries

Centralising of power, leading to centralising of wealth in the country

EU not had its accounts signed off for over 15 years

EU taxing and spending information: https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/ https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/ https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/ https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/ https://www.gov.uk/government/uploads/ https://www.gov.uk/g

Suggested

Send only £3bn to other EU countries, directly through EEA grants, not through the EU bureaucracy EFTA has had its accounts signed off every year

Review of these directives, to see which are not EEA related and can be repealed: http://www.fca.org.uk/firms/markets/international-markets/eu
http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Repview.do?rep=09

Actions

Include developing a Charter/Opportunity below and an Action log, for implementing

Example: Charter/Opportunity

1) Proposal Summary:

Switch from EU/EEA/Single market to EFTA/EEA/

Single market

Suggested by: the British public

Sponsored by: voters

Project Manager: Foreign Secretary

Proposal date: Estimated duration: 3 to 12 months Project type: Create jobs, reduce taxes, increase

exports, lower crime

2) Project Description and opportunity statement

Current: EU member and EEA/Single Market

member

Suggested: EFTA member and EEA/Single Market

member

UK runs: Agriculture, Fisheries, Home Affairs,

Justice

Reduce new EU/EEA regulations, by around 60%,

No more EU regulations

Repeal European Communities Act 1972

Replace with EFTA Convention

Keep European Economic Area agreement

3) Business case

Currently running £40bn trade deficit with EU Cumulative trade deficit, since 1972, £400bn Cumulative net transfers to EU, over £130bn Unemployment rate in UK over 7% Average EFTA unemployment rate, 4% Less regulations and duplicate regulations, help in reducing business costs, also public services Increasing taxes from: income tax, corporation tax VAT, council tax, petrol duty and more, so helping Reduce government borrowing and interest payments

Less money, approx £3bn, sent to the EU net

Department: HM Treasury

4) Links to other projects/initiatives

All other government departments
EFTA countries
Commonwealth countries
Overseas diplomatic embassies
EFTA offices, Brussels, Geneva, Luxembourg

5) In Scope (People, process)

All businesses, financial sector, government IT Systems, HM Revenue EU Scrutiny Committee, House of Commons House of Lords EU committees EFTA International world bodies

6) Out of Scope

NAFTA Mercusor ASEAN

7) Number of people benefiting:

60 million

8) Risks, Issues

Big business, cartels
EU countries wanting free money
Threats from EU countries politicians
Delays by special interest groups
MPs and civil servants

9) Assumptions:

UK civil servants can learn from EFTA countries



10) Schedule

Key / = to be worked on, X = done

| | Wk1 | Wk2 | Wk3 | Wk4 | Month2 | Traffic Lights |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------------|
| Weekly meeting | | | | | | Green |
| Project team | | | | | | Green |
| Legislation | | | | | | Green |
| EFTA meetings | | | | | | Green |
| Training | | | | | | Green |
| Implementation | | | | | | Green |
| Follow up | | | | | | Green |

| Green = | Green = on plan, Orange = some/potential delays, Red = behind | | | | |
|---------|--|------------------------|----------------|----------|--|
| | Example: ACTION LOG | Department: | HM Treasury | | |
| No. | Action | | Responsibility | Due date | |
| | Start Daily and Weekly Meetings | | | | |
| | Weekly Steering Meeting agenda: | | | | |
| | - each person 1 good news item | | | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | | | |
| | Review project plan and progress | | | | |
| | - Progress last week | | | | |
| | Plans for this week and actions | | | | |
| | Any potential issues needing action | | | | |
| | Review Action Log | | | | |
| | Daily Review Meetings | | | | |
| | - each person 1 good news item | | | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | | | |
| | Review previous days plan vs actual | | | | |
| | — Plans for the day | | | | |
| | Any potential issues needing actions | | | | |
| | - Review Action Log | | | | |
| | Project team leader and deputy leader | | | | |
| | Areas of responsibility and delegation | | | | |
| | Project team members selection | | | | |
| | Project team training | | | | |
| | Roles of each project team member, e.g. | | | | |
| | - EFTA, EU, legislation, WTO, training, communications | | | | |
| | - international organisations | | | | |
| | Tracking of EU and EEA influence in UK and where/how to find: | | | | |
| | Listing of regulations, with Celex, that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | | | |
| | Listing of Directives that are EU and EEA, and UK code/o | description | | | |
| | Listing of European Court rulings that are EU and EEA, a | nd UK code/description | | | |



| | | |
|---|------------------|--|
| Visit Norway Prime Minister and Finance Minister | | |
| Visit Iceland Prime Minister and Finance Minister | | |
| Visit Liechtenstein Prime Minister and Finance Minister | | |
| Visit Swiss Prime Minister and Finance Minister | | |
| Visit EFTA office in Brussels | | |
| Visit EFTA office in Geneva | | |
| Visit EFTA office in Luxembourg | | |
| Develop any training plans | | |
| Arrange transition teams with EFTA member states | | |
| Transitional arrangements with EU countries | | |
| Visit to WTO | | |
| Visits to international organisations | | |
| Official request to join other international organisations as a s | sovereign nation | |
| UK staff apply for jobs in EFTA offices | | |
| UK looks at other Free Trade Agreement opportunities | | |
| Assess departmental organisation structure and changes nee | eded | |
| Assess any changes to websites and/or new websites | | |
| | | |

Minister for Business and Innovation

Current

EU/EEA regulations affect 100% of economy

EU Court in Strasbourg monitors and passes judgements on EEA cases

Suggested

EFTA Court in Strasbourg with EFTA Surveillance Authority monitors and passes judgements on EEA cases

Britain have a seat at the UN Economic Commission for Europe

International Standards Organisation

Repeal of regulations that are not 'text with EEA relevance':

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Repview.do?rep=13

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Repview.do?rep=07

http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Result.do?RechType=RECH_repertoire&rep=06202010*&repihm=Insurance

Actions

Include developing a Charter/Opportunity below and an Action log, for implementing

1) Proposal Summary:

Switch from EU/EEA/Single market to EFTA/EEA/Single market Suggested by: the British public

Sponsored by: voters

Project Manager: Foreign Secretary

Proposal date: Estimated duration: 3 to 12 months

Project type: Create jobs, reduce taxes,

increase exports, lower crime

2) Project Description and opportunity statement

Current: EU member and EEA/ Single Market member

Suggested: EFTA member and EEA/

Single Market member

UK runs: Agriculture, Fisheries,

Home Affairs, Justice

Reduce new EU/EEA regulations,

by around 60%,

No more EU regulations

Repeal European Communities Act 1972

Replace with EFTA Convention

Keep European Economic Area agreement

3) Business case

Currently running £40bn trade deficit with EU Cumulative trade deficit, since 1972, £400bn Cumulative net transfers to EU, over £130bn Unemployment rate in UK over 7% Average EFTA unemployment rate, 4% Less regulations and duplicate regulations, help in reducing business costs, also public services Increasing taxes from: income tax, corporation tax VAT, council tax, petrol duty and more, so helping Reduce government borrowing and interest payments Less money, approx £3bn, sent to the EU net

4) Links to other projects/initiatives

All other government departments
EFTA countries
Commonwealth countries
Overseas diplomatic embassies
EFTA offices, Brussels, Geneva, Luxembourg

5) In Scope (People, process)

All industries, Small, medium, large businesses Trading with EU and EEA countries, Swiss

6) Out of Scope

NAFTA Mercusor ASEAN

7) Number of people benefiting:

60 million

8) Risks, Issues:

Instead of releasing lists of unnecessary Regulations, as and when – using 20/80 Rule, 20% of regulations occupy 80% Of time
Big business, cartels
Slow actions from politicians
Slow actions from civil servants
Delays by special interest groups

Government trying to do it all in 1 go,

9) Assumptions:

MPs out of their depth

UK civil servants can learn from EFTA countries



10) Schedule

Key / = to be worked on, X = done

| | Wk1 | Wk2 | Wk3 | Wk4 | Month2 | Traffic Lights |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------------|
| Weekly meeting | | | | | | Green |
| Project team | | | | | | Green |
| Legislation | | | | | | Green |
| EFTA meetings | | | | | | Green |
| Training | | | | | | Green |
| Implementation | | | | | | Green |
| Follow up | | | | | | Green |

Green = on plan, Orange = some/potential delays, Red = behind

| | Example: ACTION LOG Department: Minister for Business Innovation | | | | |
|-----|--|----------------|----------|--|--|
| | · | | | | |
| No. | Action | Responsibility | Due Date | | |
| | Start Daily and Weekly Meetings | | | | |
| | Weekly Steering Meeting agenda: | | | | |
| | — each person 1 good news item | | | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | | | |
| | Review project plan and progress | | | | |
| | - Progress last week | | | | |
| | - Plans for this week and actions | | | | |
| | Any potential issues needing action | | | | |
| | - Review Action Log | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | Daily Review Meetings | | | | |
| | - each person 1 good news item | | | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | | | |
| | Review previous days plan vs actual | | | | |
| | - Plans for the day | | | | |
| | Any potential issues needing actions | | | | |
| | — Review Action Log | | | | |
| | Project team leader and deputy leader | | | | |
| | Areas of responsibility and delegation | | | | |
| | Project team members selection | | | | |
| | Project team training | | | | |
| | Roles of each project team member, e.g. | | | | |
| | manufacturing, retail, services, financial, hospitality | | | | |
| | Tracking of EU and EEA influence in | | | | |
| | UK and where/how to find: | | | | |
| | Listing of regulations, with Celex, that are | | | | |
| | EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | | | |

29



| Listing of Directives that are EU and | |
|--|---|
| EEA, and UK code/description | |
| Listing of European Court rulings that are | |
| EU and EEA, and UK code/description | |
| Visit Norway Prime Minster and Business Minister | |
| Visit Iceland Prime Minister and Business Minister | |
| Visit Liechtenstein Prime Minister and Business Minister | |
| Visit Swiss Prime Minister and Business Minister | |
| Visit EFTA office in Brussels | |
| Visit EFTA office in Geneva | |
| Visit EFTA office in Luxembourg | |
| Develop any training plans | |
| Civil servants develop list of EU, EEA | |
| and UK regulation numbers | |
| Review EU regulations that are relevant and not relevant | |
| Remove any 'gold plating' from EEA regulations | |
| Listing of EEA regulations that are | |
| duplicating UK regulations, for veto | |
| Listing of EEA regulations that harm | |
| UK business, for veto | |
| Look at 20/80 rule, to see which 20% of | |
| regulations repealed give 80% of benefit | |
| Sending out lists of regulations no longer needed | |
| Finalise lists of regulations no longer needed | |
| Assess departmental organisation | |
| structure and changes needed | |
| Assess any changes to websites and/or new websites | |
| | 1 |

Home Office Minister

Current

EU passport European Arrest Warrant Prisoners can vote

Suggested

Repeal the European Arrest Warrant, use previous extradition process, needing proof http://eur-lex.europa.eu/LexUriServ/LexUriServ.do?uri=CELEX:32002F0584:en:NOT

Passports are issued with a British design, not a the EU design Prisoners can no longer vote

Actions

Include developing a Charter/Opportunity below and an Action log, for implementing

1) Proposal Summary:

Switch from EU/EEA/Single market to EFTA/EEA/Single market Suggested by: the British public

Sponsored by: voters

Project Manager: Foreign Secretary

Proposal date: Estimated duration: 3 to 12 months

Project type: Create jobs, reduce taxes,

increase exports, lower crime

2) Project Description and opportunity statement

Current: EU member and EEA/

Single Market member

Suggested: EFTA member and EEA/

Single Market member

UK runs: Agriculture, Fisheries,

Home Affairs, Justice

Reduce new EU/EEA regulations,

by around 60%,

No more EU regulations

Repeal European Communities Act 1972

Replace with EFTA Convention

Keep European Economic Area agreement

3) Business case

Currently running £40bn trade deficit with EU Cumulative trade deficit, since 1972, £400bn Cumulative net transfers to EU, over £130bn Unemployment rate in UK over 7% Average EFTA unemployment rate, 4% Less regulations and duplicate regulations, help in reducing business costs, also public services Increasing taxes from: income tax, corporation tax VAT, council tax, petrol duty and more, so helping Reduce government borrowing and interest payments Less money, approx £3bn, sent to the EU net

4) Links to other projects/initiatives

All other government departments
EFTA countries
Commonwealth countries
Overseas diplomatic embassies
EFTA offices, Brussels, Geneva, Luxembourg

5) In Scope (People, process) pe

Home Office IT Systems Police

6) Out of Scope

NAFTA Mercusor ASEAN

7) Number of people benefiting:

60 million

8) Risks, Issues:

Government trying to do it all in 1 go, Instead of releasing lists of unnecessary Regulations, as and when – using 20/80 Rule, 20% of regulations occupy 80% Of time EFTA meetings MPs out of their depth Slow actions from politicians Slow actions from civil servants Delays by special interest groups

9) Assumptions:

UK civil servants can learn from EFTA countries



10) Schedule

Key / = to be worked on, X = done

| | Wk1 | Wk2 | Wk3 | Wk4 | Month2 | Traffic Lights |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------------|
| Weekly meeting | | | | | | Green |
| Project team | | | | | | Green |
| Legislation | | | | | | Green |
| EFTA meetings | | | | | | Green |
| Training | | | | | | Green |
| Implementation | | | | | | Green |
| Follow up | | | | | | Green |

Green = on plan, Orange = some/potential delays, Red = behind

| | Example: ACTION LOG | Department: Home Office | | |
|-----|--|-------------------------|----------|--|
| No. | Action | Responsibility | Due Date | |
| | Start Daily and Weekly Meetings | | | |
| | Weekly Steering Meeting agenda: | | | |
| | Each person 1 good news item | | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | | |
| | Review project plan and progress | | | |
| | - Progress last week | | | |
| | - Plans for this week and actions | | | |
| | Any potential issues needing action | | | |
| | - Review Action Log | | | |
| | Daily Review Meetings | | | |
| | Each person 1 good news item | | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | | |
| | Review previous days plan vs actual | | | |
| | - Plans for the day | | | |
| | Any potential issues needing actions | | | |
| | - Review Action Log | | | |
| | Project team leader and deputy leader | | | |
| | Areas of responsibility and delegation | | | |
| | Project team members selection | | | |
| | Project team training | | | |
| | Roles of each project team member, e.g. | | | |
| | EFTA, EU, legislation, international organisations, training, | | | |
| | - communications | | | |
| | Tracking of EU and EEA influence in UK and where/how to find: | | | |
| | Listing of regulations, with Celex, that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | | |
| | Listing of Directives that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | | |
| | Listing of European Court rulings that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | | |



| , | Visit Norway Prime Minister and Home Office Minister | |
|---|---|--|
| , | Visit Iceland Prime Minister and Home Office Minister | |
| , | Visit Liechtenstein Prime Minister and Home Office Minister | |
| , | Visit Swiss Prime Minister and Home Office Minister | |
| , | Visit EFTA office in Brussels | |
| , | Visit EFTA office in Geneva | |
| , | Visit EFTA office in Luxembourg | |
| | Develop any training plans | |
| , | Arrange transition teams with EFTA member states | |
| | Transitional arrangements with EU countries | |
| , | Visits to international organisations | |
| | Official request to join other international organisations as a | |
| | — sovereign nation | |
| , | Assess departmental organisation structure and changes needed | |
| | Assess any changes to websites and/or new websites | |

Justice Minister

Current

European Court of Justice, in Strasbourg, passes rulings on the UK, using the European Human Rights Act, overruling UK courts

http://www.echr.coe.int/Pages/home.aspx?p=home

Suggested

UK House of Lords are the final Court of Appeal

Repeal UK Supreme Court, re-implement previous system

http://www.judiciary.gov.uk/

Actions

Include developing a Charter/Opportunity below and an Action log, for implementing

Example: Charter/Opportunity Department: Ministry of Justice

1) Proposal Summary:

Switch from EU/EEA/Single market to EFTA/EEA/Single market Suggested by: the British public

Sponsored by: voters

Project Manager: Foreign Secretary

Proposal date: Estimated duration: 3 to 12 months

Project type: Create jobs, reduce taxes,

increase exports, lower crime

2) Project Description and opportunity statement

Current: EU member and EEA/

Single Market member

Suggested: EFTA member and EEA/

Single Market member

UK runs: Agriculture, Fisheries,

Home Affairs, Justice

Reduce new EU/EEA regulations,

by around 60%,

No more EU regulations

Repeal European Communities Act 1972

Replace with EFTA Convention

Keep European Economic Area agreement

3) Business case

Currently running £40bn trade deficit with EU Cumulative trade deficit, since 1972, £400bn Cumulative net transfers to EU, over £130bn Unemployment rate in UK over 7% Average EFTA unemployment rate, 4% Less regulations and duplicate regulations, help in reducing business costs, also public services Increasing taxes from: income tax, corporation tax VAT, council tax, petrol duty and more, so helping Reduce government borrowing and interest payments Less money, approx £3bn, sent to the EU net

4) Links to other projects/initiatives

All other government departments
EFTA countries
Commonwealth countries
Overseas diplomatic embassies
EFTA offices, Brussels, Geneva, Luxembourg

5) In Scope (People, process)

Legal system Police Home Affairs Justice IT System

6) Out of Scope

NAFTA Mercusor ASEAN

7) Number of people benefiting:

60 million

8) Risks, Issues:

Government trying to do it all in 1 go, Instead of releasing lists of unnecessaryn Regulations, as and when – using 20/80 Rule, 20% of regulations occupy 80% Of time EFTA meetings MPs out of their depth Slow actions from politicians Slow actions from civil servants Delays by special interest groups

9) Assumptions:

UK civil servants can learn from EFTA countries



10) Schedule

Key / = to be worked on, X = done

| | Wk1 | Wk2 | Wk3 | Wk4 | Month2 | Traffic Lights |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------------|
| Weekly meeting | | | | | | Green |
| Project team | | | | | | Green |
| Legislation | | | | | | Green |
| EFTA meetings | | | | | | Green |
| Training | | | | | | Green |
| Implementation | | | | | | Green |
| Follow up | | | | | | Green |

Green = on plan, Orange = some/potential delays, Red = behind

| Exampl | e: ACTION LOG | Department: Ministry of Justice | |
|--------|--|---------------------------------|----------|
| No. | Action | Responsibility | Due date |
| | Start Daily and Weekly Meetings | | |
| | Weekly Steering Meeting agenda: | | |
| | - each person 1 good news item | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | |
| | Review project plan and progress | | |
| | - Progress last week | | |
| | - Plans for this week and actions | | |
| | Any potential issues needing action | | |
| | - Review Action Log | | |
| | Daily Review Meetings | | |
| | — each person 1 good news item | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | |
| | - Review previous days plan vs actual | | |
| | - Plans for the day | | |
| | - Any potential issues needing actions | | |
| | — Review Action Log | | |
| | Project team leader and deputy leader | | |
| | Areas of responsibility and delegation | | |
| | Project team members selection | | |
| | Project team training | | |
| | Roles of each project team member, e.g. | | |
| | - EFTA, EU, legislation, WTO, training, communications | | |
| | Tracking of EU and EEA influence in UK and where/how to find: | | |
| | Listing of regulations, with Celex, that are EU | | |
| | and EEA, and UK code/description | | |
| | Listing of Directives that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | |
| | Listing of European Court rulings that are EU | | |
| | and EEA, and UK code/description | | |



| Visit Norway Prime Minster and Justice Minister | |
|---|--|
| Visit Iceland Prime Minister and Justice Minister | |
| Visit Liechtenstein Prime Minister and Justice Minister | |
| Visit Swiss Prime Minister and Justice Minister | |
| Visit EFTA office in Brussels | |
| Visit EFTA office in Geneva | |
| Visit EFTA office in Luxembourg | |
| Develop any training plans | |
| Arrange transition teams with EFTA member states | |
| Transitional arrangements with EU countries | |
| Visit to EFTA Surveillance Court in Luxembourg | |
| Visits to international organisations | |
| Listing of directives and regulations no longer needed | |
| Listing of European Court judgements and which are no longer relevant | |
| UK staff apply for jobs in EFTA offices | |
| Assess departmental organisation structure and changes needed | |
| Assess any changes to websites and/or new websites | |

Minister for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

Current

CAP (Common Agricultural Policy) and CFP (Common Fisheries Policy)

CAP Payments: http://www.farmersguardian.com/home/hot-topics/the-common-agricultural-policy-(cap)/31971.article

Suggested

Look to have a similar fishing quota as Norway http://www.fisheries.no/resource management/setting quotas/quota negotiations/#.UxZYa43ivIU

Have own farming policy

Britain could regain their seat at the:

Food and agricultural Organisation

UN Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change

World Meteorological Organisation

UN Environment Programme

International Maritime Organisation

Actions

Include developing a Charter/Opportunity below and an Action log, for implementing

Example: Charter/Opportunity

Department: Environment, Food and Rural Affairs

1) Proposal Summary:

Switch from EU/EEA/Single market to EFTA/EEA/Single market Suggested by: the British public

Sponsored by: voters

Project Manager: Foreign Secretary

Proposal date: Estimated duration: 3 to 12 months

Project type: Create jobs, reduce taxes,

increase exports, lower crime

2) Project Description and opportunity statement

Current: EU member and EEA/ Single Market member

Suggested: EFTA member and EEA/

Single Market member

UK runs: Agriculture, Fisheries,

Home Affairs, Justice

Reduce new EU/EEA regulations,

by around 60%,

No more EU regulations

Repeal European Communities Act 1972

Replace with EFTA Convention

Keep European Economic Area agreement

3) Business case

Currently running £40bn trade deficit with EU Cumulative trade deficit, since 1972, £400bn Cumulative net transfers to EU, over £130bn Unemployment rate in UK over 7% Average EFTA unemployment rate, 4% Less regulations and duplicate regulations, help in reducing business costs, also public services Increasing taxes from: income tax, corporation tax VAT, council tax, petrol duty and more, so helping Reduce government borrowing and interest payments Less money, approx £3bn, sent to the EU net

4) Links to other projects/initiatives

All other government departments
EFTA countries
Commonwealth countries
Overseas diplomatic embassies
EFTA offices, Brussels, Geneva, Luxembourg

5) In Scope (People, process)

Agriculture Fisheriesor IT Systems EFTA WTO

International world bodies

6) Out of Scope

NAFTA Mercusor ASEAN

7) Number of people benefiting:

60 million

8) Risks, Issues:

Government trying to do it all in 1 go, Instead of releasing lists of unnecessaryn Regulations, as and when – using 20/80 Rule, 20% of regulations occupy 80% Of time EFTA meetings Green MPs out of their depth Slow actions from politicians Slow actions from civil servants Delays by special interest groups

9) Assumptions:

UK civil servants can learn from EFTA countries



10) Schedule

Key / = to be worked on, X = done

| | Wk1 | Wk2 | Wk3 | Wk4 | Month2 | Traffic Lights |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------------|
| Weekly meeting | | | | | | Green |
| Project team | | | | | | Green |
| Legislation | | | | | | Green |
| EFTA meetings | | | | | | Green |
| Training | | | | | | Green |
| Implementation | | | | | | Green |
| Follow up | | | | | | Green |

Green = on plan, Orange = some/potential delays, Red = behind

| Examp | ie: ACTION LOG | Department: Ministry for Environment, Food, Rural Affairs | |
|-------|--|---|----------|
| No. | Action | Responsibility | Due date |
| | Start Daily and Weekly Meetings | | |
| | Weekly Steering Meeting agenda: | | |
| | - each person 1 good news item | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | |
| | Review project plan and progress | | |
| | - Progress last week | | |
| | - Plans for this week and actions | | |
| | Any potential issues needing action | | |
| | - Review Action Log | | |
| | Daily Review Meetings | | |
| | - each person 1 good news item | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | |
| | Review previous days plan vs actual | | |
| | - Plans for the day | | |
| | Any potential issues needing actions | | |
| | - Review Action Log | | |
| | Project team leader and deputy leader | | |
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| | Project team members selection | | |
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| | Roles of each project team member, e.g. | | |
| | EFTA, EU, legislation, WTO, training, communications | | |
| | Tracking of EU and EEA influence in UK and where/how to find: | | |
| | Listing of regulations, with Celex, that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | |
| | Listing of Directives that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | |
| | Listing of European Court rulings that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | |
| | Visit Norway Prime Minister and Food, Agriculture, Fisheries Minister | | |



| Visit Iceland Prime Minister | r and Food, Agriculture, Fisheries Minister | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|
| | | |
| Visit Liechtenstein Prime M | Minister and Food, Agriculture, Fisheries Minister | |
| Visit Swiss Prime Minister | and Food, Agriculture, Fisheries Minister | |
| Visit EFTA office in Brussel | ls | |
| Visit EFTA office in Geneva | 1 | |
| Visit EFTA office in Luxemb | pourg | |
| Develop any training plans | | |
| Arrange transition teams w | vith EFTA member states | |
| Transitional arrangements | with EU countries | |
| Visit to WTO | | |
| Visits to other international | organisations | |
| Official request to join other | er international organisations as a | |
| sovereign nation | | |
| Assess departmental organ | nisation structure and changes needed | |
| Assess any changes to we | ebsites and/or new websites | |



Current

The EU has created 'regions' for redistributing UK taxpayers money, as if it was EU money .

Suggested

These regions are no longer necessary for this money, which can be allocated according to normal UK boundaries, e.g. local constituencies, boroughs and counties.

Remove from buildings and anywhere the EU flag which is linked to any spending.

Repeal any regulations that are not 'text with EA relevance' http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Repview.do?rep=14

https://www.gov.uk/government/policies/supporting-economic-growth-through-managing-the-european-regional-development-fund

https://www.gov.uk/browse/business/funding-debt/european-regional-development-funding

Actions

Include developing a Charter/Opportunity below and an Action log, for implementing

Example: Charter/Opportunity

Department: Communities and Local Government

1) Proposal Summary:

Switch from EU/EEA/Single market to EFTA/EEA/Single market

Suggested by: the British public

Sponsored by: voters

Project Manager: Foreign Secretary

Proposal date: Estimated duration: 3 to 12 months

Project type: Create jobs, reduce taxes,

increase exports, lower crime

2) Project Description and opportunity statement

Current: EU member and EEA/

Single Market member

Suggested: EFTA member and EEA/

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UK runs: Agriculture, Fisheries,

Home Affairs, Justice

Reduce new EU/EEA regulations,

by around 60%.

No more EU regulations

Repeal European Communities Act 1972

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4) Links to other projects/initiatives

All other government departments
EFTA countries
Commonwealth countries
Overseas diplomatic embassies
EFTA offices, Brussels, Geneva, Luxembourg

5) In Scope (People, process)

Local government IT systems Local Regulations County Council regulations

6) Out of Scope

NAFTA Mercusor ASEAN

7) Number of people benefiting:

60 million

8) Risks, Issues:

Government trying to do it all in 1 go, Instead of releasing lists of unnecessary Regulations, as and when – using 20/80 Rule, 20% of regulations occupy 80% Of time EFTA meetings Green MPs out of their depth Slow actions from politicians Slow actions from civil servants Delays by special interest groups

9) Assumptions:

UK civil servants can learn from EFTA countries



10) Schedule

Key / = to be worked on, X = done

| | Wk1 | Wk2 | Wk3 | Wk4 | Month2 | Traffic Lights |
|----------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|--------|----------------|
| Weekly meeting | | | | | | Green |
| Project team | | | | | | Green |
| Legislation | | | | | | Green |
| EFTA meetings | | | | | | Green |
| Training | | | | | | Green |
| Implementation | | | | | | Green |
| Follow up | | | | | | Green |

Green = on plan, Orange = some/potential delays, Red = behind

| Exam | ole: ACTION LOG | Department: Ministry for Communities and Lo | ocal Government |
|------|--|---|-----------------|
| No. | Action | Responsibility | date |
| | Start Daily and Weekly Meetings | | |
| | Weekly Steering Meeting agenda: | | |
| | — each person 1 good news item | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | |
| | Review project plan and progress | | |
| | - Progress last week | | |
| | - Plans for this week and actions | | |
| | Any potential issues needing action | | |
| | — Review Action Log | | |
| | Daily Review Meetings | | |
| | — each person 1 good news item | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | |
| | Review previous days plan vs actual | | |
| | - Plans for the day | | |
| | Any potential issues needing actions | | |
| | — Review Action Log | | |
| | Project team leader and deputy leader | | |
| | Areas of responsibility and delegation | | |
| | Project team members selection | | |
| | Project team training | | |
| | Roles of each project team member, e.g. | | |
| | EFTA, EU, legislation, WTO, training, communications | | |
| | Tracking of EU and EEA influence in UK and where/how to find: | | |
| | Listing of regulations, with Celex, that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | |
| | Listing of Directives that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | |
| | Listing of European Court rulings that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | |
| | Visit Norway Prime Minister and Local Government Minister | | |



| Visit Iceland Prime Minister and Local Government Minister | |
|--|--|
| Visit Liechtenstein Prime Minister and Local Government Minister | |
| Visit Swiss Prime Minister and Local Government Minister | |
| Visit EFTA office in Brussels | |
| Visit EFTA office in Geneva | |
| Visit EFTA office in Luxembourg | |
| Develop any training plans | |
| Arrange transition teams with EFTA member states | |
| Transitional arrangements with EU countries | |
| Visits to international organisations | |
| Official request to join other international organisations as a | |
| - sovereign nation | |
| UK looks at other Free Trade Agreement opportunities | |
| Assess departmental organisation structure and changes needed | |
| Assess any changes to websites and/or new websites | |



Other Ministries

Other Ministries will be affected to a lesser extent, with some rejoining world organisations again, and giving Britain a voice, for example the Health Minister will be able to ask for Britain to rejoin the World Health Organisation as a member country.

The other Ministries can also so some very simple things, including a simple Action Log:

| Examp | ole: ACTION LOG | Department: | | |
|-------|--|----------------|----------|--|
| No. | Action | Responsibility | Due date | |
| | Start Daily and Weekly Meetings | | | |
| | Weekly Steering Meeting agenda: | | | |
| | — each person 1 good news item | | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | | |
| | Review project plan and progress | | | |
| | - Progress last week | | | |
| | Plans for this week and actions | | | |
| | Any potential issues needing action | | | |
| | — Review Action Log | | | |
| | Daily Review Meetings | | | |
| | -meach person 1 good news item | | | |
| | Review previous Action Log | | | |
| | Review previous days plan vs actual | | | |
| | — Plans for the day | | | |
| | Any potential issues needing actions | | | |
| | — Review Action Log | | | |
| | Project team leader and deputy leader | | | |
| | Areas of responsibility and delegation | | | |
| | Project team members selection | | | |
| | Project team training | | | |
| | Roles of each project team member, e.g. | | | |
| | Tracking of EU and EEA influence in UK and where/how to find: | | | |
| | Listing of regulations, with Celex, that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | | |
| | Listing of Directives that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | | |
| | Listing of European Court rulings that are EU and EEA, and UK code/description | | | |
| | Develop any training plans | | | |
| | Civil servants develop list of EU, EEA and UK regulation numbers | | | |
| | Review EU regulations that are relevant and not relevant | | | |
| | Remove any 'gold plating' from EEA regulations | | | |
| | Listing of EEA regulations that are duplicating UK regulations, for veto | | | |
| | Listing of EEA regulations that harm UK business, for veto | | | |
| | Look at 20/80 rule, to see which 20% of regulations repealed give 80% of benefit | | | |
| | Sending out lists of regulations no longer needed | | | |
| | Finalise lists of regulations no longer needed | | | |
| | Assess departmental organisation structure and changes needed | | | |
| | Assess any changes to websites and/or new websites | | | |



How easy is it for Parliament to repeal the European Communities Act 1972 and Lisbon Treaty and replace it with EFTA Convention? Very easy. After an Advisory referendum, Parliament usually accepts the result and swiftly passes the legislation.

There are 2 options. For starting a Bill which comes into law as an Act, after royal assent. Firstly, a Bill can start in the House of Commons, where MPs are, or secondly a Bill can start in the House of Lords, where Lords sit.

An example starting in the House of Commons would be:

First Reading

Second Reading

Committee Stage

Report Stage

Third Reading

Then moving to the House of Lords

First reading

Second reading

Committee stage

Report Stage

Third reading

Consideration of Amendments.

Royal assent

The Bill becomes and Act, and is implemented.

Since the change is repealing and also making a new treaty, it is likely there will be 2 bills going through Parliament – one of which is he repeal of the European Communities Act 1972, and Lisbon Treaty and the other Bill is for joining EFTA, European Free Trade Association Convention.



Q. What could the reactions be from other EFTA countries, to Britain asking to join EFTA?

A. There could be a range of reactions. Since many of the EFTA countries politicians would like their countries to join the EU, they could be surprised or even uncomfortable. Or the governments could welcome Britain joining EFTA in helping 'shape' regulations in the EU, with a substantial member, who also contributes a lot financially to EU countries, and so expects to be listened to in the consultation stages. It is the public in each country, which is important, and they have repeatedly been pro-democracy in referendums, and saying no to EU membership, and could be pleased to see Britain re-join EFTA.

Q. Where are there likely to be delays?

A. In a number of areas, for example MPs trying to delay the passing of the repeal of the European Communities Act, also the passing of the EFTA Convention Bill, and also in reducing existing regulations, since some MPs are friends with big business, who were instrumental in lobbying for regulations. There is one area where it is difficult to delay, and that is with new regulations. When/if Britain switches from EU to EFTA, a whole group of legislation, around 60% from the EU, no longer become relevant, so they flow of new regulations drops automatically.

- Q. What is the fastest time for a Bill to go through Parliament and become an Act?
- A. An Emergency Bill can be passed in a matter of days,
- Q. What is the article number in the EFTA Convention, that allows for new members?
- A. Article 56
- Q. Could Britain still be a member of the EEA, if it changes from EU to EFTA membership?
- A. Yes, it is a legally signed agreement, separate from the EU treaties
- Q. What would happen to the Free Trade Agreements that Britain has negotiated as a member of the EU? Are they still valid?
- A. Yes, each agreement negotiated by the EU, is signed separately by each individual country. Those countries would still like to continue the benefits from the agreements.
- Q. How soon could benefits be realised from switching to EFTA membership?
- A. Almost immediately, as the decision making structure simplifies to having Parliament, once more making most of the UK laws and a 60% fall in new regulations from the EU. Other benefits will come through as each government department starts releasing lists of regulations which are no longer needed, or are simplified. Money sent to Brussels and which comes back to the UK with EU guidelines, will be free to be spent on UK priorities, approximately £9bn a year some of which could continue as currently, whereas others could be lower or prioritised elsewhere.
- Q. Are there any similarities between the economies of Norway and Switzerland and the UK?

A. Yes, many similarities, in fact the economy of Norway has more in common with the UK economy, than the Swiss economy, and the Swiss economy has more in common with the UK economy than the Norwegian economy.

| FF | TΔ | |
|----|----|--|

| Area | UK | Norway | Switzerland |
|---------------------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------------|
| Agriculture | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Fisheries | Yes | Yes | |
| Oil & Gas | Yes | Yes | |
| Engineering | Yes | | Yes |
| Finance | Yes | | Yes |
| Pharmaceuticals | Yes | | Yes |
| Chemicals | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Agreement Unemployment | EU/EEA 7% | EFTA/EEA 4% | EFTA/bi-lateral 4% |

If you look at the economies of London, West Midlands and Scotland, you can see that there are big differences in the sectors in each very different economy e.g. London with financial services, West Midlands, with engineering, and Scotland with Oil and Gas, however they all have two things in common – unemployment over 7% and membership of the EU.

Q. Is there a simple comparison for seeing differences between the EU, EFTA options and WTO?

A. Yes, the table below helps show how things could be simplified:

| Comparison information | EU/EEA | EFTA/EEA | EFTA/ bi-lateral | UK/ bi-lateral | UK/WTO |
|--|------------------|------------|------------------|----------------|--------|
| New regulations per year | 1000 | 350 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Approximate financial contributions to the EU pa | £6bn | £3.9bn | £2bn | £0bn | £0bn |
| Accounts signed off by auditors | Not for 15 years | Every year | Every year | N/A | N/A |
| Employees | 10,000+ | 90 | 90 | 0 | 0 |
| Control over fisheries | EU | UK | UK | UK | UK |
| Control over agriculture | EU | UK | UK | UK | UK |
| Responsibility for Home Affairs | EU | UK | UK | UK | UK |
| Responsibility for Justice | EU | UK | UK | UK | UK |
| Free movement of Goods in EU | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | tarrif |
| Free movement of Services in EU | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | tarrif |
| Free movement of Capital in EU | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Free movement of People in EU | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
| Member of EEA | Yes | Yes | No | No | No |
| EU taxes apply | Yes | No | No | No | No |
| Approximate total EU and EEA regulations | 19,500 | 4,500 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Estimated cost of EU & EEA regulations % GDP | 5% | 1.5% | 0% | 0% | 0% |
| Office in Brussels | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
| Website | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | Yes |
| Member of NATO security alliance | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Ability to make bi-lateral free trade agreements | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Countries currently | UK | Norway | Switzerland | | |
| Approximate current unemployment rate | 7.8% | 3.5% | 3.5% | | |
| Time to switch from EU/EEA to alternative | N/A | weeks | years | years | years |

Q. What are the figures for the UK in regard to food export and import?

A. The UK imports and exports food. It currently imports around 38% of it's food, so free from the EU, it can source food at the best price from around the world, so lowering family shopping bills. Free from any restrictions, Britain could import food from anywhere at best price. Also reducing unnecessary EU regulations would help reduce costs of British farmers produce and help make them more competitive – currently 62% is produced here, in 1991 it was 75%, so also helping create jobs in Britain and the rural economy.

Q. What could benefits be for Britain no longer part of the Common Fisheries policy?

A. Firstly, EU countries, including EU countries which are landlocked, would no longer have any say on UK fishing policy. It would no longer be necessary for UK fishermen to throw away fish, if it wasn't in their quota, they could land their catch and sell it to another fisherman, at cost, if they were under their quota.

Q. How could switching to EFTA impact the financial service sector and trust in financial services?

A. The EU is a poor role model for financial honesty, with its accounts not signed off for over 15 years. Also it does not want to hear news that the EU is failing, it also does not stick to signed agreements, in allowing countries in the Euro area to have budget deficits larger than 3% and still not be fined. Also countries which fiddle their books and are corrupt, receive money and get rewarded with financial write offs of debt. Also the big banks have been able to get the rules written to suit them and also make it difficult set up new competition. In addition, in the EU, the wrong people get promoted – those that promote more central planning and ignore problems, or are just plain arsonists. In plain English, it is financially toxic as a role model.

By removing this role model from the UK banking sector, it can restore to normal balance and be there to benefit the economy.

The Direct threats to the UK financial sector are many, however switching to EFTA eliminates this threat. The EFTA has recently produced a new web search facility for seeing which new EU laws are for EU countries and which affect only EEA (European Economic Area) countries, which also include EFTA countries. The new threats of undermining personal responsibility in each country looking after their own financial sector - and clearing up any mess they create – are:

- The EBA (European Banking Authority) Celex 32010R1093
- European Insurance and Occupational Pensions Authority 32010R1094
- European Systemic Risk Board 32010R1092
- European Securities and Markets Authority (ESMA) 32010R1095
- Community Programme for Financial Reporting and auditing 32009D0716

Q. When was the original EEA agreement signed?

A. The original EEA agreement, 1992, was also signed by 7 EFTA countries, Norway, Iceland, Liechtenstein, Switzerland, Sweden, Austria and Finland. With Britain rejoining EFTA and being a member of the EEA, the EFTA/EEA states will increase from the current 3 (Norway, Iceland and Liechtenstein) to 4, with possible other countries choosing this option.

Q. How do you calculate the savings from switching from EU to EFTA membership?

A. Using the amount that Norway pays to the EEA Grants which is around Euro 72 per person per year. The UK GDP per person is roughly 70% of Norway's, so that would be

about Euro 50 per person on the UK, or £42 per person per year. Multiplying this figure by 63 million in the UK, we get £2.6bn per year. Currently, the UK net contribution to the EU is around £6bn a year, so the saving is around £3bn a year. With rest going as EEA grants, directly to projects, monitored by Britain, not via the EU bureaucracy.

Q. Does EFTA membership still mean Britain is part of the EU Common Foreign Policy, whether Britain agrees or disagrees with other EU countries?

A. No. The EEA does not cover foreign policy. Britain is free to follow its own foreign policy, which it feels makes sense, and not get drawn into mistakes by other EU countries, for example trying to get the Ukraine to move to joining the EU, and having to offer financial support for something that was not of its creation. Britain may decide in European matters, that rather than reward corrupt, irresponsible and poorly run economies, it may decide to reward countries/voters which have chosen politicians that: have good economic policies, are competent and have integrity with public funds.

Q. Would EU taxes be applicable to the UK, for Britain as a member of EFTA and the EEA/Single Market?

A. No. No EU taxes would apply to the UK.

Q. As an EFTA member, would Britain be liable for any bailouts of other EU countries?

A. No. EFTA members are liable for bailing out other EU countries.

Q. How often does the EU have its accounts signed off by auditors and also how often does EFTA have its accounts signed off?

A. The EU has not had its accounts signed off for over 15 years in a row. EFTA has its accounts signed off every year.

Q. Will the UK still be blamed for problems caused by the EU having an agreement for EU boats to fish in the waters off Mauritania?

A. No. This agreement giving EU fishing vessels the freedom to fish in Mauritania waters has led to a loss of fish and income for local fishermen and loss of local employment. This has also led to people looking to move to the EU looking for jobs. As an EFTA member, Britain can freely voice objections to EU agreements which benefit large fishing corporations, but cause local unemployment in low income countries, causing people to leave their countries looking for work. The money that is paid by the EU, goes to the government and not directly to local people affected. The EU pays Mauritania 67 Million Euros a year, for being able to fish 300,000 tons of fish in Mauritania waters, a year.

Q. What does the EEA/Single Market not cover?

A. A copy of a slide from the EFTA website, for seminars, shows what is not covered.

The EEA does not cover:

- EU third country legislation (except food safety)
- EU Customs Union (towards third countries)
- Common Agricultural and Fisheries Policies
- EU Regional Policy
- Common Trade Policy
- Economic and Monetary Union

- Justice and Home Affairs
- Common Foreign, Security and Defence Policy
- Q. Will Britain still be a member of the NATO security alliance.

A. Yes. Britain was a member of NATO before joining the EU and can continue to be a member of the security alliance, as an EFTA member.

Resources

UK Parliament

Weblinks of government departments can be found at:

https://www.gov.uk/government/organisations

UK Parliament website: http://www.parliament.uk/

How a Bill goes through Parliament:

http://www.parliament.uk/about/how/laws/passage-bill/

https://www.gov.uk/legislative-process-taking-a-bill-through-parliament

Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs:

http://www.defra.gov.uk/

Other weblinks that could be useful:

EU (European Union)

EU website: http://europa.eu/

EU Index of control: http://europa.eu/index_en.htm

EU list of legislation search options:

http://europa.eu/eu-law/legislation/index en.htm

Search EU legislation by topic: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/RECH_repertoire.do?ihmlang=en

Search EU legislation by number: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/RECH naturel.do?ihmlang=en

EU Institutions and bodies:

http://europa.eu/about-eu/institutions-bodies/index en.htm

EU delegations around the world and world organisations, that Britain could rejoin

as a sovereign nation: http://eeas.europa.eu/delegations/index_en.htm

EU regulations for Agriculture: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Repview.do?rep=03

EU regulations for Fisheries: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Repview.do?rep=04

EU laws for external relations: http://eur-lex.europa.eu/Repview.do?rep=11

EFTA (European Free Trade Association)

EFTA website: www.efta.int

EFTA search facility for regulations: http://www.efta.int/eea-lex

EFTA seminars, powerpoints, diagrams: http://www.efta.int/eea/seminars

EEA agreement: http://www.efta.int/media/documents/legal-texts/eea/the-eea-agreement/Main%20

Text%20of%20the%20Agreement/EEAagreement.pdf

EFTA worldwide Free Trade map: http://www.efta.int/free-trade/fta-map



Vaduz%20Convention%20Agreement.pdf

List of EFTA expertise by sector: http://www.efta.int/eea/efta-national-experts

This is EFTA publications: http://www.efta.int/publications/this-is-efta

EFTA Free Trade Relations: http://www.efta.int/legal-texts/free-trade-relations

EFTA country websites:

Norway government: http://www.regjeringen.no/en.html?id=4

Iceland government: http://www.government.is/

Liechtenstein: http://www.liechtenstein.li/index.php?id=21

Norway EU website: http://www.eu-norway.org/eu/

EFTA EEA Grants: http://eeagrants.org/

Norway Free Trade Agreements: http://www.regjeringen.no/nb/dep/nfd/tema/frihandelsavtaler/norways-

free-trade-agreements.html?id=457017

Norway Foreign Ministry: http://www.regjeringen.no/en/dep/ud.html?id=833

Norway WTO: http://www.norway-geneva.org/wto/

Norway government overseas links: http://www.norway.info/

Norway Fisheries site: http://www.fisheries.no/

Norway Ministry of Agriculture and Food site: http://www.regjeringen.no/en/dep/lmd.html?id=627

Norway Ministry of Justice: http://www.regjeringen.no/en/dep/jd.html?id=463

Norway Ministries: http://www.regjeringen.no/en/dep.html?id=933

How Liechtenstein joined EFTA: http://www1.regierung.li/index.php?id=855

Information on EFTA member Switzerland, who negotiated bi-lateral agreements, starting in 1992 and

implemented in 2002:

http://www.europa.admin.ch/themen/00500/index.html?lang=en

Some of the list of EU Delegations around the world:

UN

WTO

African Union

Council of Europe, Strasbourg

UN, Geneva

UN, New, York

UNESCO

IAEA

FAO



Summary

In summary, using an Action Team approach, with a clear idea of the aims and having a team with responsibilities and actions, and using available resources, will help make the switch from EU to EFTA membership easier, in weeks or months.

The ease of moving from a complicated EU/Single market, that exports jobs, to a simpler EFTA/Single Market that creates jobs, could vary across government departments and ability of Ministers, so help from the public and organisations in offering ideas, will help fast-track the transition.

The benefits of a pro-democracy arrangement with EU countries, will help Britain in achieve its potential and give MPs more opportunity to improve the country for the many, not just the few. The direct and indirect benefits, to the UK, in helping reduce the 'tax' of over regulation and also the freeing up of government to run Agriculture, Fisheries, Home Affairs, Justice and 60% reduction in regulations, in the best way for Britain, will help make it easier to create jobs, generate more tax revenue, to help with lowering the tax burden and better self-government.

About the Author

Hugo van Randwyck – has experience as an implementation consultant in a variety of industries. He has been working with the Bruges Group and pro-democracy groups to help Britain have a referendum on simpler links with the EU. He has written a number of papers, available on the Bruges Group website, and also organised opinion polls, showing support for EFTA is greater than the EU.



The Bruges Group is an independent all–party think tank. Set up in February 1989, its aim was to promote the idea of a less centralised European structure than that emerging in Brussels. Its inspiration was Margaret Thatcher's Bruges speech in September 1988, in which she remarked that "We have not successfully rolled back the frontiers of the state in Britain, only to see them re–imposed at a European level...". The Bruges Group has had a major effect on public opinion and forged links with Members of Parliament as well as with similarly minded groups in other countries. The Bruges Group spearheads the intellectual battle against the notion of "ever–closer Union" in Europe. Through its ground–breaking publications and wide–ranging discussions it will continue its fight against further integration and, above all, against British involvement in a single European state.

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The Bruges Group holds regular high–profile public meetings, seminars, debates and conferences. These enable influential speakers to contribute to the European debate. Speakers are selected purely by the contribution they can make to enhance the debate.

For further information about the Bruges Group, to attend our meetings, or join and receive our publications, please see the membership form at the end of this paper. Alternatively, you can visit our website www.brugesgroup.com or contact us at info@brugesgroup.com.

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